

№1

$$x = At$$

$$y = At(1+Bt)$$

$y(x) - ?$

$v(t) - ?$

$|v(t)| - ?$

$a(t) - ?$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} x &= At \\ y &= At(1+Bt) \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow \left. \begin{aligned} x &= At \\ y &= At\left(1 + \frac{Bt}{A}\right) \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow y = x\left(1 + \frac{B}{A}x\right) = \frac{B}{A}x^2 + x$$

$$y(x) = \frac{B}{A}x^2 + x$$

$$\underline{r(t)} = x\vec{i} + y\vec{j} = At\vec{i} + At(1+Bt)\vec{j}$$

$$\underline{v} = \frac{dr}{dt} = A\vec{i} + (A+2ABt)\vec{j} \quad v = \sqrt{A^2 + (A+2ABt)^2} = A\sqrt{1 + (1+2Bt)^2}$$

$$\underline{a} = \frac{dv}{dt} = 2AB\vec{j} \quad a = 2AB$$

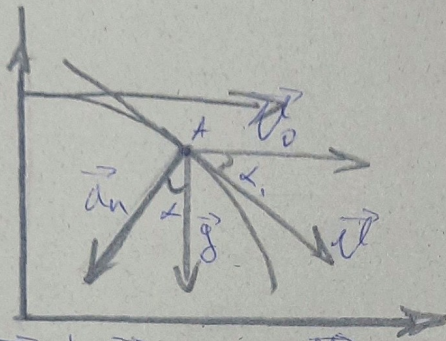
№2

$$v_0 = 15 \frac{m}{s}$$

$$t = 2 \text{ s}$$

$$g = 10 \frac{m}{s^2}$$

$R - ?$



$$a_n = \frac{v^2}{R}$$

$$R = \frac{v^2}{a} = \frac{v^2}{g \cos \alpha}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} v &= \sqrt{v_x^2 + v_y^2} \\ v_x &= v_0 \\ v_y &= v_{0y} - gt = -gt \end{aligned} \right. \Rightarrow v = \sqrt{v_0^2 + g^2 t^2}$$

2) $\vec{a}_n \perp \vec{v}$ and $\vec{g} \perp \vec{v}_0$
 $\vec{a}_n, \vec{v}, \vec{g}, \vec{v}_0 \in A \Rightarrow \alpha = \alpha_0$

3) $\cos \alpha = \frac{v_0}{v} \Rightarrow$

$$\Rightarrow R = \frac{v^3}{g v_0} = \frac{(\sqrt{v_0^2 + g^2 t^2})^3}{g v_0} = \frac{(15^2 + 10^2 \cdot 4)^{3/2}}{10 \cdot 15}$$

Other: $R = 0,8(3) \text{ m}$

№3

$$m_1 = 0,5 \text{ kg}$$

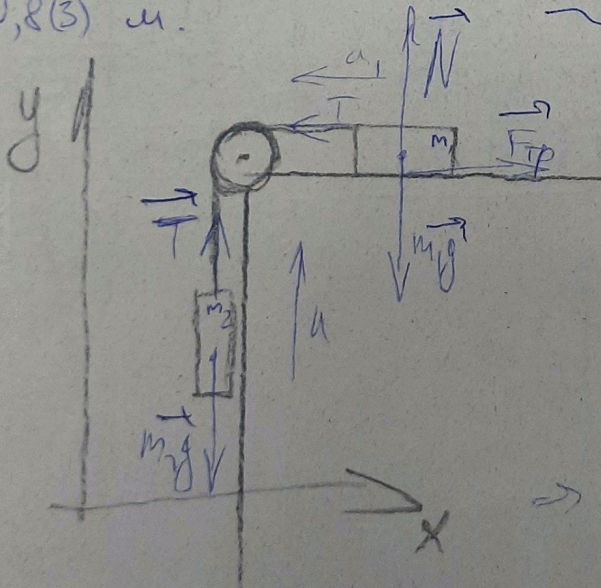
$$m_2 = 0,6 \text{ kg}$$

$$a = 4,9 \frac{m}{s^2}$$

$$g = 9,8 \frac{m}{s^2}$$

$$f = 0,1$$

$T - ?$



$$\text{Dy: } N - m_1 g = m_1 a \quad (1)$$

$$m_2(a_1 - a) = m_2 g - T \quad (2)$$

$$\text{Dx: } m_1 a_1 = T - F_{fp} \quad (3)$$

$$F_{fp} = fN$$

$$\begin{cases} N - m_1 g = m_1 a \\ m_2(a_1 - a) = m_2 g - T \\ m_1 a_1 = T - fN \end{cases}$$

$$\text{y (1) u (3): } N = m_1(a+g)$$

$$m_1 a_1 = T - f m_1(a+g)$$

$$a_1 = \frac{T}{m_1} + f(a+g)$$

$$m_2 \left(\frac{T}{m_1} + f(a+g) - a \right) = m_2 g - T$$

$$\frac{m_2}{m_1} T - f m_2(a+g) - a m_2 = m_2 g - T \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow T = \frac{m_2(a+g)(1+f)}{1 + \frac{m_2}{m_1}} \quad T = 4,41 \text{ H}$$

$$\text{y (2): } m_2 \left(\frac{T}{m_1} + f(a+g) - a \right) = m_2 g - T \Rightarrow$$

№ 4

$\mathcal{E} = 2\text{В}$

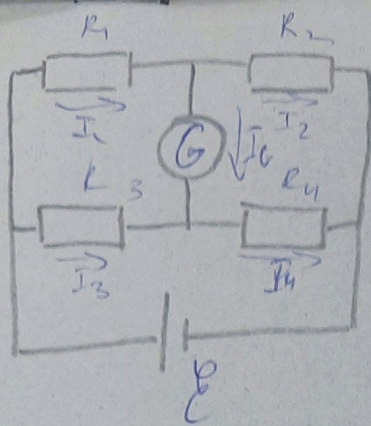
$R_1 = 60\ \Omega$

$R_2 = 40\ \Omega$

$R_3 = R_4 = 20\ \Omega$

$R_6 = 100\ \Omega$

$I_6 = ?$



$$\begin{cases} I = I_1 + I_3 \\ I_1 = I_2 + I_6 \\ I_4 = I_3 + I_6 \\ I = I_2 + I_4 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2IR_1 + I_2R_2 = \mathcal{E} \\ I_3R_3 + R_4I_4 = \mathcal{E} \\ I_1R_1 + I_6R_6 + I_4R_4 = \mathcal{E} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 6I_1 + 4I_2 = 0,2 \\ 2I_3 + 2I_4 = 0,2 \\ 6I_1 + 10I_6 + 2I_4 = 0,2 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} 6I_1 + 4(I_1 - I_6) = 0,2 \\ 2(I_4 - I_6) + 2I_4 = 0,2 \\ 6I_1 + 10I_6 + 2I_4 = 0,2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 10I_1 - 4I_6 = 0,2 \Rightarrow I_1 = \frac{0,2 + 4I_6}{10} \\ 4I_4 - 2I_6 = 0,2 \Rightarrow I_4 = \frac{0,2 + 2I_6}{4} \\ 6I_1 + 2I_4 + 10I_6 = 0,2 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow 6\left(\frac{0,2 + 4I_6}{10}\right) + 2\left(\frac{0,2 + 2I_6}{4}\right) + 10I_6 = 0,2 \quad | \cdot 10$$

$$1,2 + 13,4I_6 + 1 = 2 \Rightarrow I_6 = -1,49 \cdot 10^{-3}\text{А} \Rightarrow \text{нет тока} \Rightarrow$$

\Rightarrow Ответ: $I_6 = 1,49 \cdot 10^{-3}\text{А}$ ток из I_3 через амперметр.

№ 5

Вариант 8 $\mathcal{E} = 6\text{В}$, $r = 8\ \Omega$

$U = IR \quad P = \mathcal{E}I = UI + I^2r = P_n + P_0$

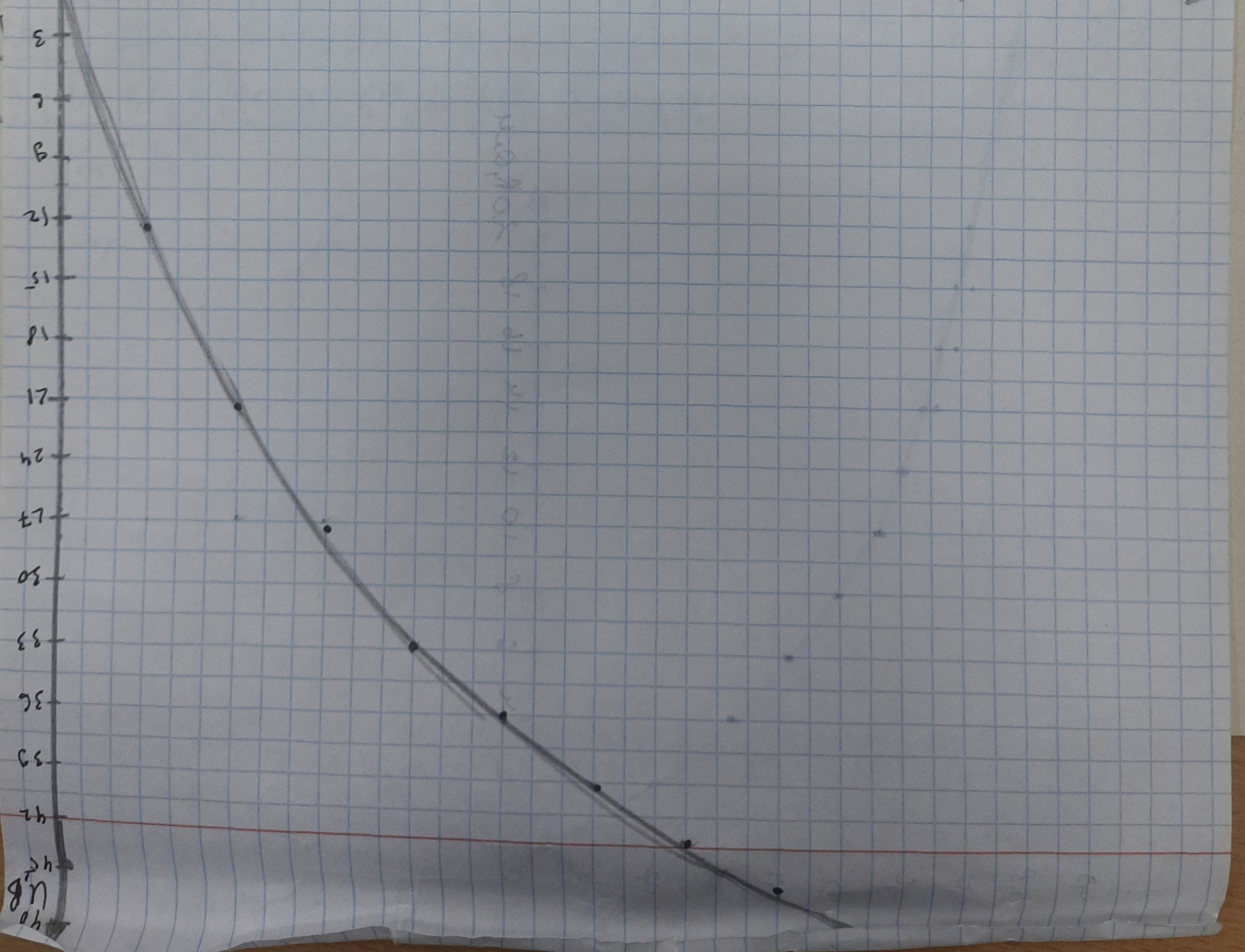
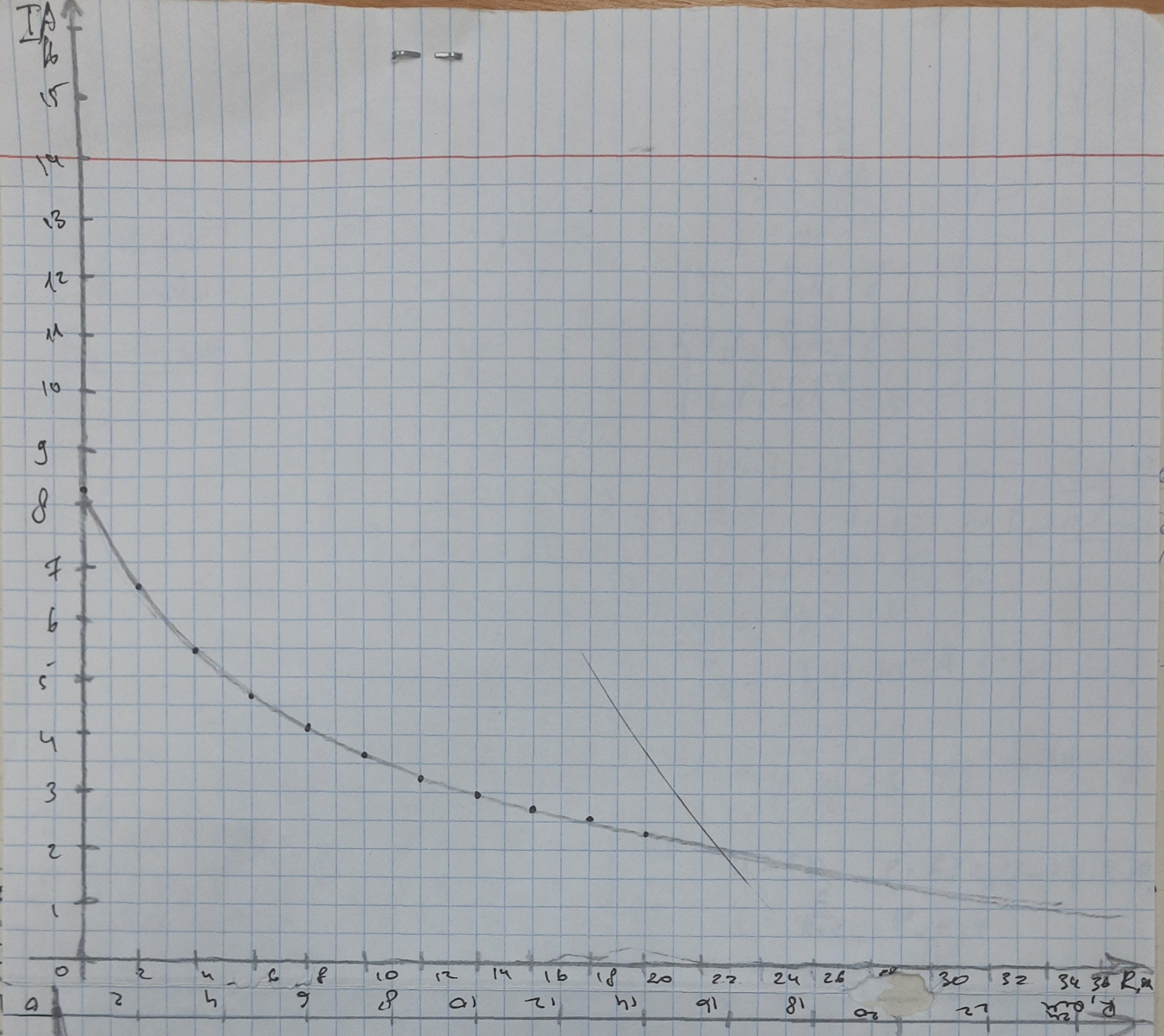
$I = \frac{\mathcal{E}}{R+r} \quad P_n = UI$

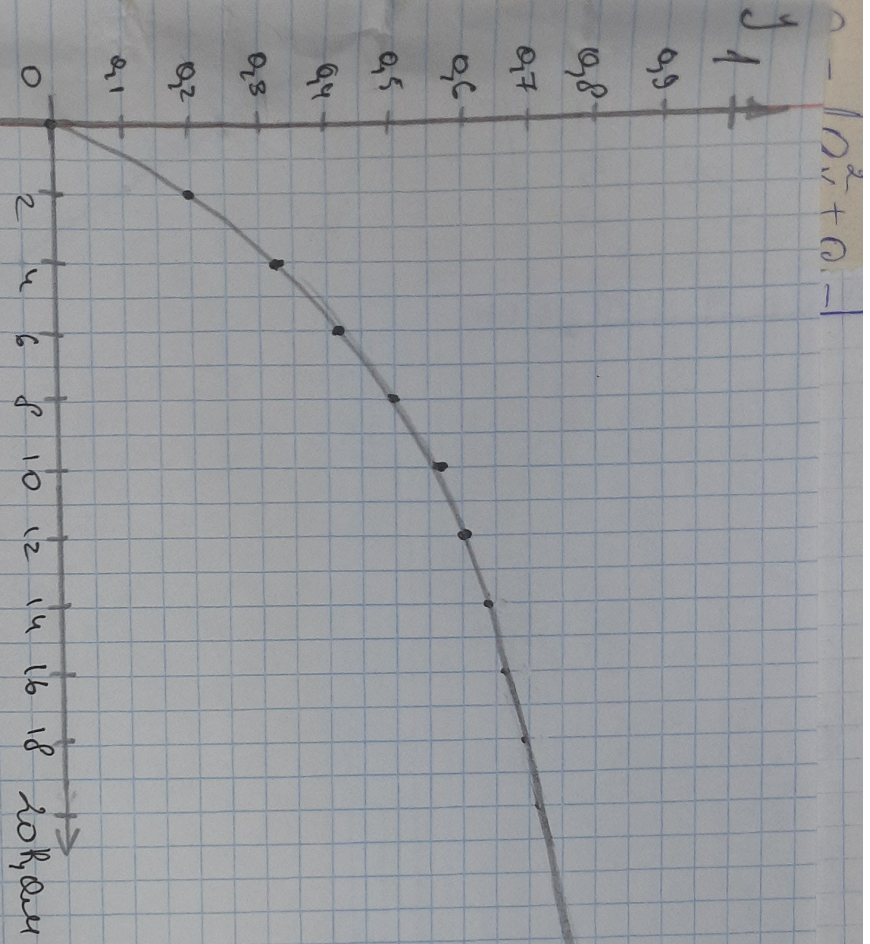
$\eta = \frac{UI}{\mathcal{E}I} = \frac{P_n}{P}$

R, Ω	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
$I, \text{А}$	0,25	0,3	0,35	0,4	0,45	0,5	0,55	0,6	0,65	0,7	0,75
$U, \text{В}$	0	0,2	0,4	0,6	0,8	1,0	1,2	1,4	1,6	1,8	2,0
$P, \text{Вт}$	0	0,12	0,21	0,31	0,41	0,51	0,61	0,71	0,81	0,91	1,01
η	0	0,2	0,3	0,43	0,5	0,56	0,6	0,64	0,67	0,69	0,71

$\eta_{\text{кр}} = 0,5$

$I_{\text{кр}} = 0,25$





$y = 1 - 10^{-x} + 0.1$

$R_1 = 600$